1	Awarding body	University of	f Londor	ו			
2	Teaching Institution	Birkbeck College					
3	Programme Title(s)	MSc Quantit	MSc Quantitative Risk Management with Machine				
		Learning	Learning				
4	Programme Code(s)	TMSQRMML	C				
5	UCAS code (if applicable)	N/A					
6	Home Department	Economics, I	Vathem	atics and	d Statist	ics	
7	Exit Award(s)	PG Cert (passing 60 credits at level 7)					
		and PG Diploma (passing 120 credits)					
8	Duration of Study (number of years)	1 year FT or 2 years PT					
9	Mode of Study	FT	\checkmark	PT	~	DL	
10	Level of Award (FHEQ)	7					
11	Other teaching depts or institution	N/A					
12	Professional, Statutory Regulatory Body(PSRB) details	N/A					
13	QAA Benchmark Statement	N/A					

Programme Specification

¹⁴ Programme Rationale & Aims

The recent economic crises have created a great deal of uncertainty in the financial markets and demand is growing globally for experts who have the technical skills to measure and manage financial risk. Statistical and machine learning tools are now imperative prerequisites for professionals working in the sector. The MSc in Quantitative Risk Management with Machine Learning has been designed to address the demand for individuals with expertise in this field by equipping students with the theoretical background and statistical and computational methods needed to tackle practical real-world problems. Upon successfully completing the course, students will have the expertise to:

- Identify and manage the major sources of risk in the financial markets.
- Understand the role of financial derivative products; their use (and misuse) and how they are priced.
- Analyse financial data and specifically, build risk models, detect trends in data, test a given hypothesis and forecast future values.
- Build an investment portfolio (of risky assets) and carefully monitor its performance through time.
- To implement mathematical and statistical investigations using both Python and R programming languages.

In summary, the student will be prepared for a variety of challenging and rewarding roles in the financial sector, e.g. a risk analyst for an investment bank, a portfolio manager, an investment strategist for a bank, pension fund or hedge fund.

15	Entry Criteria		
	A second-class honours degree (2:2) or above in a quantitative subject, such as mathematics physics, statistics, economics or engineering. Alternatively, a merit or higher in our MS Finance.		
	Applications are reviewed on their individual merits and professional qualifications and/or relevant work experience will be taken into consideration positively. We actively support and encourage applications from mature learners.		
16	Learning Outcomes		
	In general, at the end of the programme, students should have a comprehensive overview of the field of quantitative risk management. They should understand and be able to apply quantitative tools (especially statistical and machine learning applications) to tackle problems in this field and conduct independent applied research, as witnessed by the completion of a dissertation.		
	Specific learning outcomes:		
	 Demonstrate an understanding of the main international guidelines on good risk management practice. 		
	 To describe and apply different measures of financial risk and define what is meant by a coherent measure of risk. 		
	 The ability to analyse financial data using statistics and determine the main characteristics of a financial time series. 		
	 Obtain estimates of parameters and determine their statistical properties. 		
	 Substantial knowledge and understanding of the mean variance framework for classical portfolio theory. 		
	 The ability to derive the CAPM and APT pricing models. 		
	 The ability to formulate and test financial risk models. 		
	Substantial knowledge of the derivatives market and their role in risk management.		
	 The ability to price standard options in the Black-Scholes framework. 		
	 The ability to solve valuation problems using the binomial tree approach. 		
	• The ability to implement basic numerical techniques (such a binomial tree pricing) in the form of a computational algorithm.		
	• To be able to code scientific methods using the Python and R programming languages.		
	 Substantial knowledge of the theory that underpins supervised and unsupervised statistical learning. 		
	Demonstrate and awareness of different sources of credit risk.		

- Substantial knowledge of the different approaches to modelling and managing credit risk.
- An advanced ability to critically review current literature, pose new questions and carry out a research project.

17	Learning, teaching and assessment methods	
	The majority of teaching is delivered in the form of the traditional chalk-and-talk lectures. Given the formal content of the courses this method gives the lecturers the opportunity to clarify each step of a complex derivation, react instantly to clarification queries and vary the pace of the lecture where appropriate.	
	While lecturing is the primary method of delivery, it is by no means the only one. An important aspect of learning involves solving problems and, to this end, many of the lectures will be augmented by supporting classes to discuss solutions to problem sets.	
	Courses which contain a significant programming component can be taught in a computer lab where the convenor can demonstrate the implementation of computational methods, set short tasks and allow the students to write their own code.	
	Most courses make use of substantial hand-outs that are designed to help students digest the material developed in lectures. Specific directions to textbooks, academic papers or extensive lecture notes help the students obtain a clear idea of the material. Lectures also specify precise objectives at the outset and this is particularly helpful in calibrating oneself with the state of the course especially if work commitments force absence.	
	An important ingredient of learning is private study. Apart from the reading lists the programme requires students to produce independent project work, aiding development of analytic, quantitative as well as written communication skills.	
	Learning is further assisted by review sessions; these are important as they also provide guidance on examination technique.	
	The following methods of assessment are used:	
	 Unseen 3 hour examination Assessed coursework Dissertation 	
	For each module the bulk (generally around 80%) of the assessment comes from unseen examinations. These are typically held in June, thus giving as much time as possible for assimilation of the material, promoting an overall understanding and engagement with the curriculum. The contribution (around 20%) from the coursework ensures that, throughout the year, students get practice, and are given feedback, in tackling and solving problems independently without time pressure of examinations.	
	The modules are assessed on a scale on which 50% represents a pass mark, 60-69% a merit and 70% or above yields a distinction. The dissertation is assessed similarly as Fail, Pass, Merit or Distinction.	
	The range of questions and problems set within examinations and coursework are	

structured to balance theory and problems set within examinations and course work are to discriminate between different levels of achievement. Our assessment strategy also takes into consideration that students can exhibit a wide range of aptitudes and abilities in different aspects of the course. Thus the assessment is designed to ensure a good coverage of the curriculum so that all students have the opportunity to demonstrate their strengths.

Examination papers and dissertations are marked independently by two markers who then compare marks and produce agreed final marks. All marks are moderated by an external examiner who is also asked to comment on the suitability of the assessment.

18	Programme Description
	The programme consists of 180 credits from the following core/compulsory modules taken as shown in the programme structure section below.
	 BUEM027S6: Quantitative Techniques. Level 6. Compulsory. Aim: To review the necessary mathematical and statistical background for the courses of the MSc.
	Topics. Calculus, applied linear algebra, optimization theory (method of Lagrange multipliers) and probability theory.
	 BUEM052H7: Mathematics of Financial Derivatives. Level 7. Compulsory Aim: To teach the principal mathematical and numerical techniques used to value financial derivatives.
	Topics: introduction to financial derivatives their uses and properties, stochastic processes, Brownian motion, stochastic calculus, the Black Scholes framework for European options, the volatility smile and the binomial pricing method applied to American and Barrier options
	• BUEM111H7: Financial Data Science with Python. Level 7. Compulsory. Aim: The aim of this module is to provide students with the ability to program in Python with particular focus on the computational techniques in financial data analysis, financial mathematics and machine learning.
	Topics: Programming in Python: basic operators, data type and structures, control flow, functions, modules, classes. Data analysis with pandas and plot visualization with matplotlib. Randomness and simulations in Python. Optimization and integration in Python. Introduction to Machine Learning techniques in Python.
	 BUEM053H7: Market Risk Management. Level 7. Core. Aim: To provide an introduction to modern market risk management theory and practice, developing problem solving skills in risk management applications and becoming conversant with up-to-date techniques used by financial institutions.
	definitions, theoretical properties and calculations, time series analysis for risk managers, stylized facts of asset returns, risk models featuring jumps and stochastic volatility, GARCH family of risk models, VaR for derivatives, extreme value theory applied to VaR, simulation methods and back-testing.
	 BUEM051H7. Credit Risk Management. Level 7. Core. Aim: Same as those for 'Market Risk Management' Topics: essential mathematics for credit risk, credit risk modelling using (i) structural models (as illustrated by Merton's model and its extensions) (ii) industry standard

	models (as illustrated by CreditMetrics and/or KMV) (iii) the reduced form models (as
	illustrated by Jarrow and Turnbull), credit derivatives and valuation of credit value
	adjustments CVA.
•	EMMS016S7. Statistical Analysis. Level 7. Core.
	Aim: To provide a solid grounding in the fundamental theory and practice of statistical
	modelling, and the analysis of observational and experimental data based on
	continuous, normally distributed, data
	Topics: Review of basic statistical concepts, multiple linear regression, inference for
	linear models, model fitting and diagnostics, regression, the R programming language.
•	BUEM054H7: Portfolio Theory. Level 7. Compulsory
	Aim: To teach the mathematical theory that forms the foundations of modern finance.
	Topics: Basics of utility theory, measuring financial returns, the mean variance
	framework for portfolio analysis, the derivation of CAPM and APT pricing models,
	applications of CAPM and APT, multifactor risk models and principal component
	analysis.
•	EMMS022H7: Statistical Learning. Level 7. Compulsory
	Aim: To teach the statistical theory that underpins both supervised and unsupervised
	learning.

Topics: Linear regression, generalized linear models, support vector machines, learning theory, cross validation, regression trees, cluster analysis, hierarchical methods, factor analysis and principal component analysis.

19	Programme Structure						
Full-Time programme -1 Year							
Year 1	Year 1						
Level	Module Code	Module Title	Credits	Status*			
6	BUEM027S6	Quantitative techniques	30	Compulsory			
7	BUEM052H7	Mathematics of Financial Derivatives	15	Compulsory			
7	BUEM111H7	Financial Data Science with Python	15	Compulsory			
7	BUEM053H7	Market Risk Management	15	Core			
7	BUEM051H7	Credit Risk Management	15	Core			
		Or					
7	EMMS013S7*	Mathematical Risk Management*	30	Core			
		*Depending on time-tabling constraints students will take					
		either EMMS013S7 OR both BUEM053H7 AND BUEM051H7					
7	EMMS016S7	Statistical Analysis	30	Compulsory			
		Or one of					
	[EMEC026S7/	[Econometrics/Econometrics of Financial					
	BUEM077S7]	Markets]					
		Depending on time-tabling constraints students will take					
		either EMMS016S7 OR one of EMEC026S7/BUEM077S7					
7	BUEM054H7	Portfolio Theory	15	Compulsory			
7	EMMS022H7	Statistical Learning	15	Compulsory			
7	BUEM115S7	Dissertation MSc Quantitative Risk	30	Compulsory			
		Management with Machine Learning					

Part-Time programme – 2 years					
Year 1					
Level	Module Code	Module Title	Credits	Status*	
6	BUEM027S6	Quantitative techniques	30	Compulsory	
7	BUEM052H7	Mathematics of Financial Derivatives	15	Compulsory	
7	BUEM111H7	Financial Data Science with Python	15	Compulsory	
7	EMMS016S7	Statistical Analysis	30	Compulsory	
		Or one of			
	[EMEC026S7/	[Econometrics/Econometrics of Financial			
	BUEM077S7]	Markets]			
		Depending on time-tabling constraints students will take			
either EMMS016S7 OR one of EMEC026S7/BUEM077S7					
Year 2					
Level	Module Code	Module Title	Credits	Status*	
7	BUEM054H7	Portfolio Theory	15	Compulsory	
7	EMMS022H7	Statistical Learning	15	Compulsory	
7	BUEM053H7	Market Risk Management	15	Core	
7	BUEM051H7	17 Credit Risk Management 15 C		Core	
		Or			
7	EMMS013S7*	13S7* Mathematical Risk Management 30		Core	
		*Depending on time-tabling constraints students will take			
		either EMMS013S7 or both of BUEM053H7 AND BUEM051H7.			
7	BUEM115S7	Dissertation MSc Quantitative Risk Management	30 Compulsory		
		with Machine Learning			

Status*

CORE – Module must be taken and passed by student COMPULSORY – Module must be taken, mark can be reviewed at sub-exam board *OPTIONAL – Student can choose to take this module*

20	Regulations			
	Admissions			
		This programme adheres to the College Admissions Policy <u>http://www.bbk.ac.uk/registry/policies/documents/admissions-policy.pdf</u>		
	• Credit Transfer			
		Accredited Prior Learning will be considered in line with the College Policy on Accredited Prior Learning		
		http://www.bbk.ac.uk/registry/policies/documents/accreditation-prior-learning.pdf		
Programme Regulations		Programme Regulations		
		This programme adheres to the College Common Awards Scheme http://www.bbk.ac.uk/registry/policies/regulations		
	•	Programme Specific Regulations (or not applicable) N/A		

21	Student Attendance Framework – in brief
	The full version of the 'Student Attendance Framework' is available http://www.bbk.ac.uk/mybirkbeck/services/rules/Attendance-Framework.pdf .
	Principle Consistent and regular student attendance in class (or equivalent) promotes and affords student success. Inconsistent and irregular attendance is less likely to result in student success and is consistent with lower marks and degree classifications being achieved and awarded.
	Attendance expectation Birkbeck, University of London expects you to consistently attend all timetabled sessions, including lectures, seminars, group and individual tutorials, learning support sessions, workshops, laboratories, field trips, inductions and demonstrations.
	E-Registers All Birkbeck students are issued with student cards. Students are expected to take them to classes and to assessment venues and to present them to a member of staff if requested. This is for the purpose of identifying Birkbeck students.

²² Student Support and Guidance

All Birkbeck students have access to a range of student support services, details can be found on our website here: <u>http://www.bbk.ac.uk/student-services</u>

²³ Methods of Enhancing Quality and Standards

The College has rigorous procedures in place for the monitoring and enhancing its educational provision. This includes regular monitoring of programmes drawing on feedback from various sources including external examiner's reports, student feedback, student achievement and progression data. In addition, departments are reviewed every four to five years through the internal review process that includes external input.

For more information please see the Academic Standards and Quality website <u>http://www.bbk.ac.uk/registry/about-us/operations-and-quality</u>.

24	Programme Director	Simon Hubbert
25	Start Date (term/year)	Autumn 2013
26	Date approved by TQEC	Spring 2013
27	Date approved by Academic Board	Summer 2013
28	Date(s) updated/amended	Mar 2019 for 2020/21